# Form 3

### Mid-Year Examination 2015-2016

#### **Mathematics**

## Paper II

#### INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Write your examination number in the spaces provided on this cover page.
- 2. Write down all required information on the Multiple Choice Answer Sheet.
- 3. Answer all questions. Answer should be marked on the Multiple Choice Answer Sheet.
- 4. Each question carries 2 marks. The total mark is 90.
- 5. You should mark only ONE answer for each multiple choice question. If you mark more than one answer, you will receive No marks for that question.
- 6. No marks will be deducted for wrong answer.
- 7. The diagrams in this paper are not necessarily drawn to scale.

1.	Fact	torize $x^2 - x - y + 2xy$	$y + y^2$					
	A.	(x+y)(x+y+1)			В.	(x+y)(x+y-1)		
	C.	(x-y)(x+y-1)			D.	Cannot be factorized	d.	
2.	$(-a^{2})$	$(a^{2}b^{3}c)^{4} \div (a^{2}b^{2}c) =$						
	A.	$a^6 b^{10} c^3$	B.	$-a^6 b^{10} c^3$	C.	$a^4 b^5 c^3$	D.	$-a^4b^5c^3$
3.	<i>x</i> an	d y are positive integer I. $m^{x_y} = m^x \div m^y$ II. $m^{x+y} = m^x + m^y$ III. $(m^x)^y = m^{xy}$	ers and	d $m \neq 0$ . Which of the	e follov	wing are correct?		
	A.	I and II only	B.	I and III only	C.	II and III only	D.	I, II and III
4.	If 3 <sup>n</sup>	$n^{2} = 5$ and $9^{n} = 10$ , th	en the	e value of $3^{m+2n}$ is				
	A.	55.	B.	150.	C.	300.	D.	450.
5.	It is	given that $x + x^{-1} = \sqrt{2}$	$\frac{1}{2}$ + 1,	$x^2 + x^{-2} =$				
	А.	1.	B.	3.	C.	$2\sqrt{2} + 1.$	D.	$(\sqrt{2}+1)^2.$
6.	$\frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt{\sqrt$	$\frac{\overline{10}}{6} \times \frac{24}{\sqrt{5}} \div \frac{25}{\sqrt{2}} =$						
	А.	100	B.	$\frac{2\sqrt{2}}{5}$	C.	$\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{12}$	D.	$\frac{\sqrt{10}}{60}$
7.	The fill a	inner diameter of a w	rater p nk of b	ipe is 20 cm. If the sp pase radius 0.8 m and	beed of heigh	the water flow is 1 m 0.5 m with water?	/s, ho	w long does it take to
	A.	3.2 s	B.	4 s	C.	16 s	D.	32 s
8.	Con	vert the binary number	er 110	100011010 <sub>(2)</sub> to a he	xadeci	mal number.		
	A.	89A <sub>(16)</sub>	B.	91A <sub>(16)</sub>	C.	C9A <sub>(16)</sub>	D.	D1A <sub>(16)</sub>
9.	The poin	point A(2 , −11) is tra at B(−2 , 5). Find θ.	anslate	ed 6 units upward and	d then	rotated clockwise abo	ut the	origin through $\theta$ to
	A.	90°	B.	180°	C.	270°	D.	360°
10.	If {	$\begin{cases} x = 1 \\ y = -1 \end{cases}$ is the solution	n of th	e simultaneous equa	tions	$\begin{cases} ax + 2y = b \\ 4x - by = 2a - 1 \end{cases}$ , the	en the	values of <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> are
	A.	a = -3, b = -1.	B.	a = -3, b = 1.	C.	a = -1, b = 3.	D.	a = 3, b = 1.
Mid Y F.3 Ma	ear Exa athema	amination 2015 – 2016 tics Paper II		Page 2/8			Go	on to the next page

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11.	The	relative positions of <i>n</i>	ı and	<i>n</i> on the number line	e are sh	nown below.		
		n = 0		m	-			
	The	value of $(n + m)(n - m)$	m) is					
	А.	greater than 0.	B.	smaller than 0.	C.	equal to 0.	D.	undetermined.
12.	If m	is a negative number,	whic	ch of the following is	s / are c	orrect?		
		$\mathbf{I.}  \frac{6}{m} > \frac{4}{m}$						
		II. Error!< Error	r!					
		III. $\frac{-6}{m} > \frac{-4}{m}$						
	А.	I only	В.	III only	C.	I and III only	D.	I, II and III
13.	If c	< 0 and $a > b$ , then						
	A.	ac > bc.	B.	ac < bc.	C.	<i>ac</i> < <i>b</i> .	D.	a < bc.
14.	Whi	ich of the following is/ I. $-2$ II. 0 III. $\frac{2}{3}$ IV. 2	'are tl	he solution(s) of the	equatio	on $(x+2)(x-2) = 2x(x-2)$	x + 2)	?
	A.	I only	B.	I and IV only	C.	II and III only	D.	II and IV only
15.	The the r	perimeter of a rectang rectangle.	le is	14 cm and the diago	nal is 1	cm longer than one c	of its s	ides. Find the area of
	А.	$10 \text{ cm}^2$	В.	$12 \text{ cm}^2$	C.	$14 \text{ cm}^2$	D.	$48 \text{ cm}^2$
16.	The A	figure shows $\Delta PQR$ .	Whic DR is	h of the following is greater than $2(PR +$	correct	t?		P
	<b>B</b> .	The perimeter of $\Delta PQ$	OR is	smaller than 2PR.	QIC).		/	/
	C.	The perimeter of $\Delta PC$	R is	smaller than 2QR.				
	D.	The perimeter of $\Delta PQ$	)R is	smaller than 2(PQ +	QR).	a		
17.	Но	w many non-negative	integ	ral solutions does the	e inequ	hality $\frac{15 - 2y}{4} \ge 0$ have	ve?	
	A.	6	B.	7	C.	8	D.	9
								$\sim$

Go on to the next page

- 18. If a number is increased by 25% and then decreased by 10%, it becomes 99. Find the number.
   A. 72
   B. 82.5
   C. 88
   D. 120
- 19. Tommy deposits \$5 000 in a bank. If the interest is compounded quarterly at an annual interest rate of 8%, what will be the amount after 1.5 year? (Give the answer correct to the nearest dollar.)
  - A. \$5 600B. \$5 612C. \$5 624D. \$5 631
- 20. Refer to the following table:

Progressive rates in the year	· 2014/15
Net chargeable income	Tax rate
On the first \$30 000	2%
On the next \$30 000	8%
On the next \$30 000	14%
Remainder	20%

 The net chargeable income of William in 2014/15 was \$68 000. Find the salaries tax paid by him.

 A. \$3 000
 B. \$4 120
 C. \$5 920
 D. \$9 520

21. The annual interest rate of a bank is 5%. Jenny puts two deposits of the same amount in the bank. If the compound interest of one deposit compounded annually for 2 years is \$10 more than the simple interest of the other deposit for 2 years, how much is each deposit?
A. \$600
B. \$1 200
C. \$4 000
D. \$10 000

22. In Brazil, the cost of coffee bean produced in city A is \$0.22/kg and that of coffee bean produced in city B is \$0.31/kg. If the two kinds of coffee beans are mixed to produce a new brand of coffee powder with the expected cost of \$0.29/kg, in what ratio should the two kinds of coffee beans be mixed together?
A. 2:5
B. 2:7
C. 2:9
D. 3:4

23. In the figure, the solid is composed of cube ABCDEFGH and regular quadrilateral pyramid VABCD. R, S, T and U are the mid-points of AD, DC, GH and GF respectively. ∠VRU is the angle between plane VAD and

- **A.** plane BCGF. **B.** plane RUGS.
- C. plane VFG. D. plane ADGF.
- 24. Which of the following is not the net of a regular octahedron?



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R

D

B

E

ΙT

Η

- 25. Suppose letters E, F and V represent the number of edges, faces and vertices of a polyhedron respectively. Which of the following must NOT give a polyhedron?
  - A. E = 36, F = 20, V = 18.B. E = 44 F = 26, V = 20.C. E = 18, F = 38, V = 22.D. E = 56, F = 32, V = 26.

26. Simon pours a box of drink into a cup of 450 mL. He finds that the empty space in the cup is about <sup>1</sup>/<sub>6</sub> of the capacity of the cup. If he pours the box of drink into a bottle of 500 mL, the empty space in the bottle occupies
A. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>10</sub> the capacity of the bottle.
B. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>8</sub> the capacity of the bottle.
C. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> the capacity of the bottle.
D. <sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> the capacity of the bottle.

27. Find the relationship of the magnitude between the mean, median and mode of 10, 20, 20, 70, 40, 55 and 30.

- A. mode = median = meanB. mode < median < mean</th>
- C. mean < median < mode D. median < mean
- 28. The bar chart shows the sales of two brands of computers.Which of the following must be true?
  - I. The sales of A is less than the sales of B.

II. The sales of B is double that of the sales of A.

III. The sales of B is 20% more than the sales of A.

- A.I and II onlyB.I and III only
- C. II and III only D. I, II and III





29. The figure below shows the cumulative frequency polygon of

living areas (in m<sup>2</sup>) of 30 families.

Find the median of the living areas.

- **A.**  $40 \text{ m}^2$
- **B.** 49.5 m<sup>2</sup>
- **C.** 59.5 m<sup>2</sup>
- **D.** "49.5 m<sup>2</sup> 69.5 m<sup>2</sup>"

30. Consider the data set:

10, 11, *x*, 13, *y*, 17

If the mean is 13 and the median is 12.5, find x and y, where  $x \le y$ .

**A.** x = 11, y = 14. **B.** x = 11, y = 16. **C.** x = 12, y = 15. **D.** x = 12, y = 16.

- 31. If the mean of x, y and z is 16, then the mean of x 5, y + 2 and z + 4 is
  - **A.** 16. **B.**  $16\frac{1}{3}$ . **C.**  $17\frac{1}{3}$ . **D.** 18.

32. In the figure, DE is parallel to BC and passes through the centroid G of  $\triangle$ ABC. If DE = 4 cm, then BC is equal to

- **A.** 6 cm.
- **B.** 6.5 cm.
- C. 8 cm.
- **D.** 9 cm.

33. AB and AC are the equal sides of the isosceles triangle ABC, and AB = 10 cm. The

perpendicular bisector of AB meets AC at D, and the perimeter of  $\Delta$ BCD is 17 cm, then BC =

- **A.** 6 cm.
- **B.** 7 cm.
- C. 8 cm.
- **D.** 10 cm.
- 34. If the lengths of two sides of an isosceles triangle are 5 cm and 10 cm respectively, then the length of the remaining side is

<b>A</b> . 1 cm. <b>B</b> . 5 cm. <b>C</b> . 10 cm. <b>D</b> . 15
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- 35. In the figure, ABCD is a square and AEFG is a rectangle. If
  - BJ = GD and AB = 2 cm, find the area of AEFG.
  - A.  $2\sqrt{2}$  cm<sup>2</sup>
  - **B.**  $4 \text{ cm}^2$
  - C.  $8 \text{ cm}^2$
  - **D.** Cannot be determined



Page 6/8









- 36. In  $\triangle ABC$ , AB = AC and  $\angle A = 40^{\circ}$ . Rotating  $\triangle ABC$  about B clockwise, another triangle DBE is obtained, where DCE is a straight line (as shown in the figure). How many isosceles triangles are there in the figure?
  - **A.** 4
  - **B.** 5
  - **C.** 6
  - **D.** 7
- 37. In ΔABC, if D, E and F are the mid-points BC, CA and AB respectively, then the perimeter of the quadrilateral AFDE is
  - **A.** AD + BC. **B.** AB + AC. **C.**  $\frac{1}{2}(AB + AC + BC)$ . **D.** BC + AC.
- 38. In the figure, ABC is a straight line,  $\angle ADC = 90^{\circ}$ . If DB is an altitude of  $\triangle ACD$ , then
  - A.  $AD \times DC = AC^2$ .
  - **B.**  $AB \times BD = CD^2$ .
  - C.  $AB \times BC = BD^2$ .
  - **D.**  $AD \times BD = BC^{2}$ .
- 39. In the figure, O is the incentre of  $\triangle ABC$ . Find  $\angle AOC$ .
  - **A.** 107.5°
  - **B.** 108°
  - **C.** 109.5°
  - **D.** 110°



B

D

В

Δ



How many different triangles can be formed?A. 3B. 4C. 5D. 6

40. In the figure, the sides of a triangle are x, 3x and 15. Suppose x is an integer.

41. In the figure, ABCD is a parallelogram and PBSR is a square. If  $\angle ADC = 35^{\circ}$ , then  $\angle PTQ =$ 

- **A.** 55°.
- **B.** 80°.
- **C.** 90°.
- **D.** 125°.

Mid Year Examination 2015 – 2016 F.3 Mathematics Paper II



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Mid Year Examination 2015 - 2016 F.3 Mathematics Paper II

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42. In the figure, ABCD is a parallelogram with AB = 6 cm and BC = 9 cm.

If DE = 4 cm, DF = 6 cm and  $\angle DFE = 40^{\circ}$ , find  $\angle ACB$ .

- 20° A.
- B. 30°
- C. 40°
- **D.** 50°

43. In the figure, ABCD is a square and  $\triangle ADE$  is an equilateral triangle. Find  $\angle ACE$ .

- **A.** 15°
- **B.** 20°
- **C.** 25°
- **D.** 30°
- 44. In the figure, D is the mid-point of AB, BF : FC = 2 : 1 and DE // BC. If the area of  $\triangle ADE = 18 \text{ cm}^2$ , find the area of the quadrilateral BDEF.
  - **A.**  $27 \text{ cm}^2$
  - **B.**  $36 \text{ cm}^2$
  - C.  $42 \text{ cm}^2$
  - **D.**  $45 \text{ cm}^2$
- 45. In the figure, ABCD is a square of side 2a. M and N are the mid-points of AB and CD respectively. h is the height of the parallelogram MBND. Find h.
  - $\frac{a}{2}$ A.  $\frac{2a}{\sqrt{5}}$ B.
  - $\frac{5a}{2\sqrt{5}}$ C.
  - D.







